

Clinical & Procedural Skills for MRCS OSCE Course

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Feedback - April 2018

Clinical & Procedural Skills for MRCS OSCE Course

This intensive, one-day revision course covered the clinical and procedural skills components of the MRCS Part B exam.

In the Intercollegiate MRCS OSCE Examination, the 'Clinical and Procedural Skills' component makes up approximately 15-20% of the total mark. This element of the exam tests the candidate's capability to apply basic science and clinical knowledge in a practical context. In addition, it examines the candidate's ability to perform practical tasks which are related to surgery and which require: manual dexterity; hand-eye coordination; and visual and spatial awareness. It also tests aspects including capacity, consent, theatre safety, the WHO checklist and general principles of safe surgery.

This intensive, practical skills course took candidates through every procedure that has been examined in recent years. The candidates were given the opportunity to practice in realistic exam conditions and were provided with structured feedback to further their development. Moreover, following the event the candidates were presented with their scores and were able to discuss specific practical aspects with both examiners and recent successful candidates.



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| | Сог | urse Information |
| | Course date: | 11 th April 2018 |
| | Venue: | School of Biosciences, Cardiff University |
| | Attendance: | 20 Delegates |
| | Aimed at: | Delegates intending to take the Royal College of Surgeons Part B Examination. |
| | Course fee: | £185.00 |

Highlights:

- Practical course with a high tutor-to-participant ratio.
- Hands-on sessions with scenarios simulating the real exam, as well as individual feedback and scores.

Topics included:

- Surgical scrubbing.
- Safe use of local anaesthesia.
- Suturing techniques.
- Knot tying at depth.
- Surgical excision of a cutaneous lesion.
- Urinary catheterisation.
- · Consent and capacity.
- · Cannulation and venepuncture of high-risk patients.
- Epidural technique.
- · Lumbar puncture.
- Organising a theatre list.
- Appropriate radiology requesting.
- Discharge letter.
- Transfer documentation.
- Performing an FNA.
- Insertion of a chest drain.

Course Programme

| 0840 - 0900 | Registration |
|----------------------------|---|
| 0900 - 0910 | Introduction to the Course and Structure of the Exam |
| 0910 - 0945 | Theatre Safety Principles, Gowning and Glowing; Handling Instruments and Essential |
| | Concepts in Suturing Techniques |
| 1000 - 1100 | Group Rotations - I (Candidate groupings will be informed at the start) Chest drain Insertion, Male urinary catheterisation, Venepuncture of high risk patient, Knot tying, Suturing, Surgical excision of a Naevus, Debridement of a contaminated wound, Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, Epidural anaesthesia, Lumbar puncture, Arterial Blood Gas cannulation and Interpretation of ABG results |
| 1100 - 1115 | Break for Refreshments |
| 1115 - 1215 | Group Rotations - II (Candidate groupings will be informed at the start) Chest drain Insertion, Male urinary catheterisation, Venepuncture of high risk patient, Knot tying, Suturing, Surgical excision of a Naevus, Debridement of a contaminated wound, Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, Epidural anaesthesia, Lumbar puncture, Arterial Blood Gas cannulation and Interpretation of ABG results |
| 1215 - 1300 | Lunch |
| | |
| 1310 - 1410 | Group Rotations - III (Candidate groupings will be informed at the start) Chest drain Insertion, Male urinary catheterisation, Venepuncture of high risk patient, Knot tying, Suturing, Surgical excision of a Naevus, Debridement of a contaminated wound, Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, Epidural anaesthesia, Lumbar puncture, Arterial Blood Gas cannulation and Interpretation of ABG results |
| 1310 - 1410 1410 - 1510 | Chest drain Insertion, Male urinary catheterisation, Venepuncture of high risk patient, Knot tying, Suturing, Surgical excision of a Naevus, Debridement of a contaminated wound, Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, Epidural anaesthesia, Lumbar puncture, |
| | Chest drain Insertion, Male urinary catheterisation, Venepuncture of high risk patient, Knot tying, Suturing, Surgical excision of a Naevus, Debridement of a contaminated wound, Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, Epidural anaesthesia, Lumbar puncture, Arterial Blood Gas cannulation and Interpretation of ABG results Group Rotations IV (Candidates will be informed of the groupings at the start of the course) Chest drain Insertion, Male urinary catheterisation, Venepuncture of high risk patient, Knot tying, Suturing, Surgical excision of a Naevus, Debridement of a contaminated wound, Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, Epidural anaesthesia, Lumbar puncture, Knot tying, Suturing, Surgical excision of a Naevus, Debridement of a contaminated wound, Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, Epidural anaesthesia, Lumbar puncture, |
| 1410 - 1510 | Chest drain Insertion, Male urinary catheterisation, Venepuncture of high risk patient, Knot tying, Suturing, Surgical excision of a Naevus, Debridement of a contaminated wound, Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, Epidural anaesthesia, Lumbar puncture, Arterial Blood Gas cannulation and Interpretation of ABG results Group Rotations IV (Candidates will be informed of the groupings at the start of the course) Chest drain Insertion, Male urinary catheterisation, Venepuncture of high risk patient, Knot tying, Suturing, Surgical excision of a Naevus, Debridement of a contaminated wound, Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, Epidural anaesthesia, Lumbar puncture, Arterial Blood Gas cannulation and Interpretation of ABG results |

Faculty

<u>Tutors</u>

Ms Charlotte Leaman, BSc, MBBCh, MRCS Speciality Registrar in General Surgery All Wales Deanery

Miss Eshaa Sharma, MBBS, MRCS (Eng) Speciality Trainee in Trauma and Orthopaedics Ashford and St Peter's NHS Trust

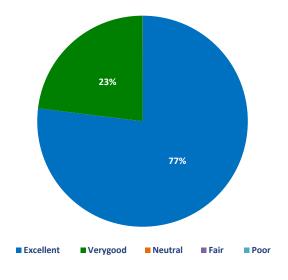
Professor Stuart Enoch, MBBS, MRCSEd, MRCS (Eng), PGCert (Med Sci), PhD Consultant in Surgical Studies Doctors Academy

Mr Tom Combellack, MBBCh, MRCS

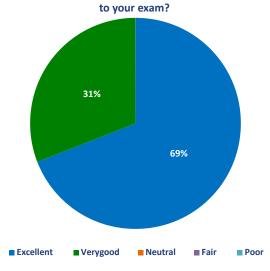
Speciality Registrar in Cardiothoracic Surgery University Hospital of Wales, Cardiff

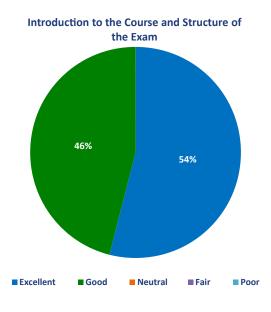
Mr Umair Aslam, MRCS Senior Registrar in Cardiothoracic Surgery Morriston Hospital, Swansea

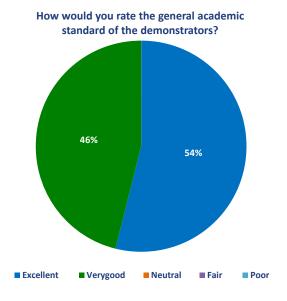
How was the clarity of the demonstrations?



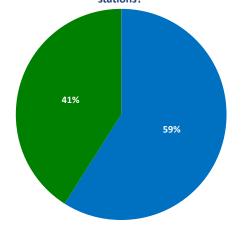






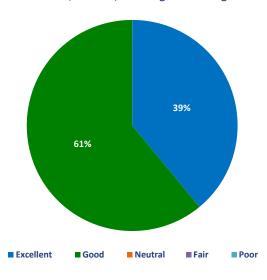


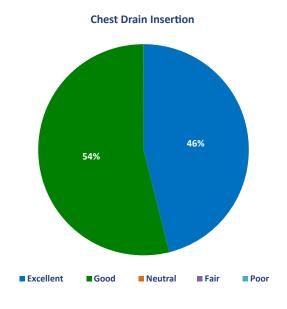
Did you get sufficient chance to practice the stations?



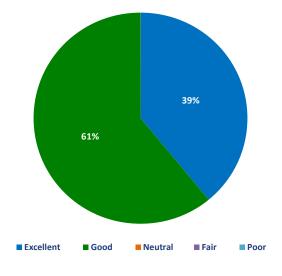
■ Yes, always ■ Yes, mostly ■ Neutral ■ Not much ■ Not at all

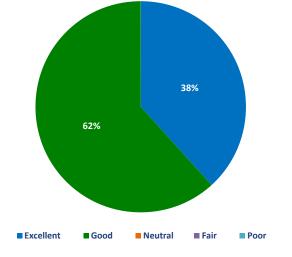
Sutures, Needles, Gowning and Gloving





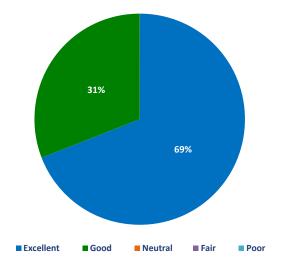
Venepuncture of High Risk Patient

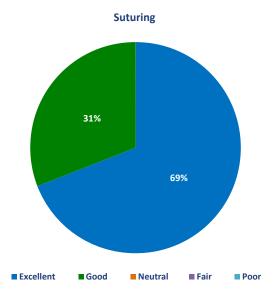




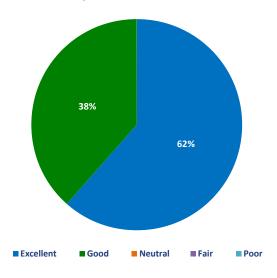
Male Urinary Catheterisation



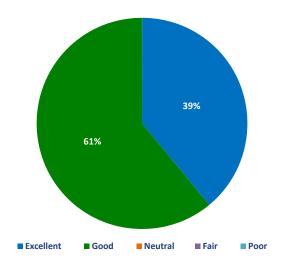




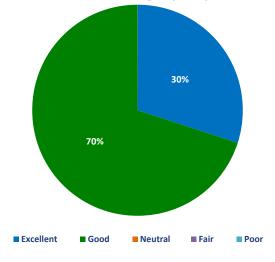
Surgical Excision of a Naevus



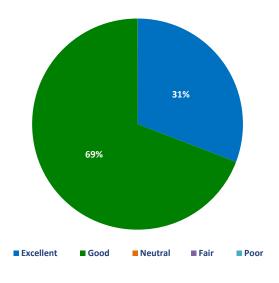
Debridement of a Contaminated Wound



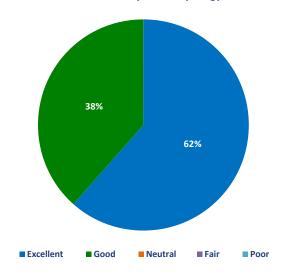




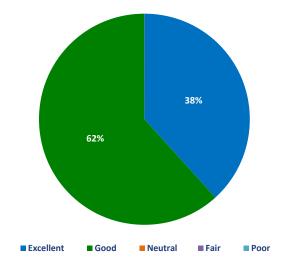




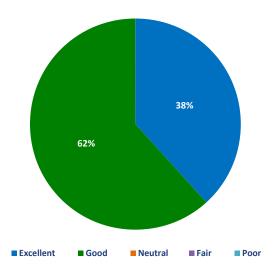
Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology



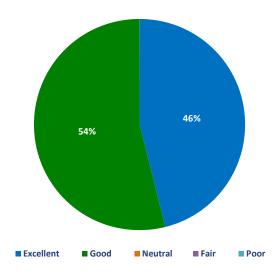
Pre-operative Assessment



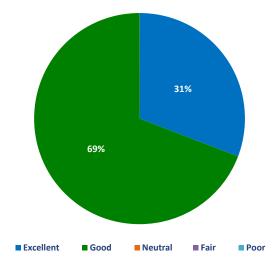


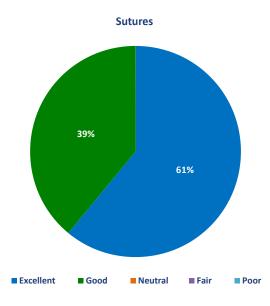


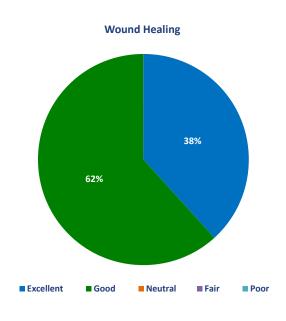
Theatre List Prioritisation



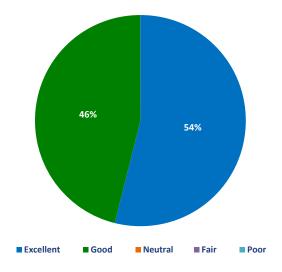
Reconstruction

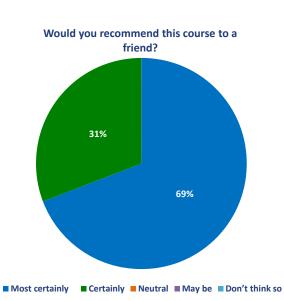


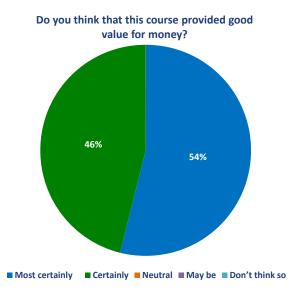




Local Anaesthesia







Individual Comments

Very good.

AA Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge

Very good.

DN Peebles Hospital. British Virgin Island





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